



**Actually Join** All the exhilaration of a good old-fashioned adventure, without the risk of f 💆 👂 🔤

## By: Katie Jackson Jan 25, 2016 Legend has it that, in 1914, Sir Ernest Shackleton placed a classified seeking men to help him become

having to eat your tripmates

the first person to cross the continent of Antarctica. Fact or fiction, more than a hundred years later his



dream of contributing to a new discovery. From Asian steppe to Arctic sea, here are a handful of upcoming scientific (and science-inspired) trips that anyone-who can afford the price tag-can join. **Chase Glaciers in** Greenland

risky appeal resonates with adventurous types who



 $Cambiar \ and \ Aciego \ race \ to \ document \ the \ most \ catastrophic \ glacier \ retreats \ in \ the \ world. \ \$9,250 \ per \ per$ **Get Dirty Down Under** 

across an ice cap, weather permitting of course. Climate change will be the topic of exploration as



ching studies or around campfires at pretty rustic sites that include a forestry camp set up for le litter sifting, insect sorting, and reptile measuring. Data from the trip is analyzed and used to help

predict which rainforest species are likely to become endangered or extinct in the coming decades. The next departure is February 2016. Follow in Shackleton's Footsteps



and a fleet of Zodiacs for shore excursions to sites like Elephant Island, where Shackleton's 22 men

**Excavate a Grassland Ecoregion** 

were stranded for more than three months.



Pay Homage to the Past



Dive for Data in Ecuador



underwater photography and complete dozens of dives while assisting with genetics sampling, setting  $camera\ traps, tagging, measuring\ and\ updating\ the\ global\ manta\ ray\ database-the\ Manta\ Matcher.$ 

**Learn Telemetry and Track Predators** 

project specifics.



With the title of Mountain Coordinator, Veronica Baas has the responsibility of going up and down the mountain to check insect and mammal traps on Global Vision International's Wildlife Research in South Africa Expedition. For \$2,390, travelers can receive basic telemetry training and join Baas in tracking, darting and collaring Africa's most feared carnivores including the cheetah, hyena, leopard, and lion. Data collected during the two-week-long expedition is used to determine how these predators influence prey populations. Commercial safari companies responsible for pay for sighting data and fund the research. Departures are monthly with migration patterns and game movements determining